



TRIMERO Diagnostics, SL

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Reagents for professional use,
for *In Vitro* use only in clinical laboratory (IVD)

3diag - HPX - TIA

Hemopexin - for Turbidimetry

REF TD-42631

(Product included in Kits, not sold separately)

INTENDED USE

Quantitative determination of Hemopexin (HPX), in human serum, by turbidimetric method in automatic Clinical Chemistry Analyzers.

PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

The specific antibodies (Ab) of the reagent, when combined with the antigens (Ag) of the patient sample, form insoluble compounds causing a change in the absorbance and dispersion of the light, proportional to the antigen concentration, which can be quantified by turbidimetric (TIA) or nephelometric (NIA) method, by comparison with calibrators of known concentration.

CONTENTS - COMPOSITION - PREPARATION

- Antiserum Reagent: **REAG Ab HPX**
REF TD-42633-RA ▽ 100 test^(*) - 6 ml
Solution of anti-human HPX antibodies.
- Reaction Buffer: **BUF HPX**
REF TD-42633-BF ▽ 100 test^(*) - 20 ml
PBS Buffer, with PEG.

Note (*1): with the recommended general assay parameters.

The reagents are ready for use and require no preparation.

Before each use it is convenient that the reagents are homogenized, shaking them gently avoiding the formation of foam or bubbles.

As a preservative, the reagents contain <0.1% (1 g/l) Sodium Azide (NaN₃).

WARNINGS - PRECAUTIONS

- Sodium Azide is toxic. Even if sodium azide is not harmful at the concentration present in the reagents, take the necessary precautions to avoid accidental ingestion or contact with the eyes.
- Sodium Azide can react with lead or copper to give explosive compounds. For disposal it is recommended to rinse with plenty of running water to avoid accumulation in drains.
- Since the absence of infectious agents can not be proven with absolute certainty, components containing materials of human or animal origin must be handled with caution, as potentially infectious, following the recommended safety standards for biological risk.
- Do not mix components belonging to different lot kits.
- Clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of a single test, but should always integrate all relevant clinical and laboratory data.

STORAGE - SHELF LIFE

- Store refrigerated at +2...+8°C. Do not freeze, as the functionality of the reagents may be altered.
- Properly stored and unopened, the reagents are stable until the expiration date indicated on the label.
- Once opened, the shelf life of the reagents is at least 4 weeks, provided that after each use they are stored immediately in the original containers, tightly capped and refrigerated at +2...+8°C. This information should be taken as a guideline given that, obviously, the shelf life depends on the particular environmental and use conditions, which may differ from those of the stability studies carried out.

MATERIALS NEEDED, NOT SUPPLIED

- Automatic Clinical Chemistry Analyzer, capable of running photometric assays at 340 nm, and accessories: reagent containers, cuvettes, etc..
- The reagents are intended to be used in conjunction with the Calibrators and Controls included in the Kits.

SAMPLES

Fresh Serum.

Samples with presence of fibrin should be centrifuged.

Do not use hemolyzed, lipemic or contaminated samples.

PROCEDURE

If necessary, carefully transfer the reagents to the containers used by the analyzer, preventing leakage and foaming or bubbles.

To program and calibrate assays, follow the instructions for use of the analyzer used, with the recommended general parameters that are detailed below. Please, contact the Customer Support Service (✉ support@3diag.com - ☎ +34 93 244 86 79) for further information about applications to specific analyzers.

Assay Parameters

- ① Dispense and mix:
 - Sample/Control: 10 µl (diluted 1:10)
 - Calibrator: 10 µl (diluted 1:10)
 - BUF HPX** 180 µl
- ② Incubate a fixed time between 1 and 5 minutes
- ③ Dispense and mix:
 - REAG Ab HPX** 60 µl
- ④ Read absorbance A1 (Blank) at 340 nm
- ⑤ Incubate a fixed time of about 5 minutes
- ⑥ Read absorbance A2 (End Point) at 340 nm
- ⑦ Interpolate the absorbance increment (A2-A1) of the samples and controls in the curve obtained with the calibrators.
- ⑧ Samples with concentrations higher than the upper limit of the assay range should be analyzed again, diluted manually with Physiological Solution, or by programming a larger sample dilution in the analyzer, to recover a value close to the midpoint of the measurement range.

Calibration Parameters

- Use the **3diag - HPX - CAL SET**, included in the Kit.
- It is recommended to use Physiological Solution as diluent.
- If the analyzer allows it, it is recommended to program two replicates of each calibration point.
- The calibrations are Non-linear. For the calculation it is recommended to use a 3rd Order Polynomial, a Logit or a Polygonal adjustment.

The assay must be recalibrated, at least when a new batch of reagents is used or when its parameterization is changed.

In some analyzers, in order to process the calibrators, it may be necessary to deactivate the clot detection system.

PERFORMANCES OF THE METHOD

Detailed information on the characteristics and performances of the assay is given in the Technical Report, available on the website (www.3diag.com) or upon request to the Customer Support Service (✉ support@3diag.com - ☎ +34 93 244 86 79).

QUALITY CONTROL

To monitor performances, it is recommended that internal controls be inserted into each analytical series. It is recommended to use the controls of the **3diag - HPX - CONTROL**, included in the Kit.

In some analyzers, in order to process the controls, it may be necessary to deactivate the clot detection system.

Each laboratory should establish its own quality scheme and corrective actions if controls do not meet the assigned tolerances.

The reagents have been subjected to quality control checks and should react as described in these instructions. Therefore, as a general recommendation, in case the controls do not give the expected reaction, as a precaution all reagents should be considered unreliable until their operation has been checked.

TRACEABILITY

Values in IU/ml are referred to the *1st British Standard for Human Serum Proteins (other than Immunoglobulins) (code: 74/520) (National Institute for Biological Standards and Controls (a World Health Organization (WHO) Laboratory for Biological Standards), NIBSC).*

For the values in mg/dl, given that certified reference materials in these units are not available, the values are referred to internal standards of highly purified proteins. Traceability is ensured by measuring the HPX in the 74/520 standard.

REFERENCE INTERVALS

It is always advisable for each laboratory to establish its own reference values.

The bibliography⁽¹⁾ reports reference values of between 80 to 100 mg/dl, equivalent to about 106 to 133 U/ml.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

The serum Hemopexin concentration is a reflection of the amount of Heme released in the blood. After the depletion of Haptoglobin, in severe hemolysis episodes Hemopexin intervenes, which causes its decrease, which can lead to depletion, indicative of the release of large quantities of the Heme group, thus constituting one of the diagnostic indicators of Hemolytic Anemia and a reflection of the severity of hemolysis.

The decrease in Hemopexin is normally associated with the decrease in Haptoglobin except in Thalassemia, in which there is no significant reduction in Haptoglobin.

In pregnancy, Hemopexin levels increase by about 50%.

SYMBOLS

In addition to the harmonized symbols provided on the European Standard EN 980:2008, in the labels and instructions of use has been used the complementary symbology proposed⁽²⁾ by the *EDMA (European Diagnostic Manufacturers Association)*, whose meaning is detailed below.

REAG Reagent

Ab Antibody / Antiserum

BUF Buffer

HPX Hemopexin

BIBLIOGRAPHY

(1) "Nomenclator de Laboratorio Clínico AEFA/AEBM" - ISBN: 84-4860117-3.

(2) EDMA Labelling Task Force: "EDMA Symbols for IVD Reagents and Components - Revision, October 2009".

TEXT REVISION DATE

23rd May 2022.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Reagents for professional use,
for *In Vitro* use only in clinical laboratory (IVD)

3diag - HPX - CAL SET

Hemopexin Calibrators (6 lev.)

REF TD-42622

(Product included in Kits, not sold separately)

INTENDED USE

Elaboration of the calibration curve for the quantitative determination of Hemopexin (HPX), in human serum, by immunochemical methods.

PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

The specific antibodies (Ab) of the reagent, when combined with the antigens (Ag) of the patient sample, form insoluble compounds causing a change in the absorbance and dispersion of the light, proportional to the antigen concentration, which can be quantified by turbidimetric (TIA) or nephelometric (NIA) method, by comparison with calibrators of known concentration.

CONTENTS - COMPOSITION - PREPARATION

Calibrator Level 1:	CAL 1 HPX
REF TD-42622-1	CONT 1 ml
Calibrator Level 2:	CAL 2 HPX
REF TD-42622-2	CONT 1 ml
Calibrator Level 3:	CAL 3 HPX
REF TD-42622-3	CONT 1 ml
Calibrator Level 4:	CAL 4 HPX
REF TD-42622-4	CONT 1 ml
Calibrator Level 5:	CAL 5 HPX
REF TD-42622-5	CONT 1 ml
Calibrator Level 6:	CAL 6 HPX
REF TD-42622-6	CONT 1 ml

The calibrators are human serum solutions, delipidated, filtered by 0.2 µm.

As preservatives, the calibrators contain <0.1% (1 g/l) Sodium Azide (NaN₃), <0.02% (0.2 g/l) Methylisothiazolone and <0.02% (0.2 g/l) Bromonitrodioxane.

The calibrators are ready for use and require no preparation.

Before each use it is convenient that the calibrators are homogenized, shaking them gently avoiding the formation of foam or bubbles.

The values of the calibrators are lot dependent and are indicated in the table of values of their Instructions for Use.

WARNINGS - PRECAUTIONS

- Sodium Azide is toxic. Even if at the concentrations present neither Sodium Azide nor the other preservatives are harmful, take the necessary precautions to avoid accidental ingestion or contact with the eyes.

- Sodium Azide can react with lead or copper to give explosive compounds. For disposal it is recommended to rinse with plenty of running water to avoid accumulation in drains.
- Materials of human origin have been tested and found negative for the presence of HBsAg, HCV, and anti-HIV 1 and 2 antibodies.
- Since the absence of infectious agents can not be proven with absolute certainty, components containing materials of human or animal origin must be handled with caution, as potentially infectious, following the recommended safety standards for biological risk.
- Do not mix components belonging to different lot kits.
- Clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of a single test, but should always integrate all relevant clinical and laboratory data.

STORAGE - SHELF LIFE

- Store refrigerated at +2...+8°C. Do not freeze, as the functionality of the calibrators may be altered.
- Properly stored and unopened, the calibrators are stable until the expiration date indicated on the label.
- Once opened, the shelf life of the calibrators is at least 4 weeks, provided that after each use they are stored immediately in the original containers, tightly capped and refrigerated at +2...+8°C. This information should be taken as a guideline given that, obviously, the shelf life depends on the particular environmental and use conditions, which may differ from those of the stability studies carried out.

MATERIALS NEEDED, NOT SUPPLIED

The calibrators are intended to be used in conjunction with the Reagents and Controls included in the Kits.

PROCEDURE

Follow the Instructions for Use of the analyzer used to program and calibrate an assay, with the general parameters recommended in the Instructions for Use of Reagents.

In some analyzers, in order to process the calibrators it may be necessary to deactivate the clot detection system.

TRACEABILITY

Values in U/ml are referred to the *1st British Standard for Human Serum Proteins (other than Immunoglobulins)* (code: 74/520) (*National Institute for Biological Standards and Controls (a World Health Organization (WHO) Laboratory for Biological Standards), NIBSC*).

For the values in mg/dl, given that certified reference materials in these units are not available, the values are referred to internal standards of highly purified proteins. Traceability is ensured by measuring the HPX in the 74/520 standard.

SYMBOLS

In addition to the harmonized symbols provided on the European Standard EN 980:2008, in the labels and instructions of use has been used the complementary symbology proposed⁽¹⁾ by the *EDMA (European Diagnostic Manufacturers Association)*, whose meaning is detailed below.

(1) EDMA Labelling Task Force: "EDMA Symbols for IVD Reagents and Components - Revision, October 2009".

CAL	Calibrator
n	Level n (n=1..6)
HPX	Hemopexin
CONT	Contents

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3diag - HPX - CONTROL

**Hemopexin
Controls (2 lev.)**

REF TD-42633

(Product included in Kits, not sold separately)

INTENDED USE

Internal controls, with assigned values, for the quantitative determination of Hemopexin (HPX), in human serum, by immunochemical methods.

PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

The specific antibodies (Ab) of the reagent, when combined with the antigens (Ag) of the patient sample, form insoluble compounds causing a change in the absorbance and dispersion of the light, proportional to the antigen concentration, which can be quantified by turbidimetric (TIA) or nephelometric (NIA) method, by comparison with calibrators of known concentration.

CONTENTS - COMPOSITION - PREPARATION

- High Control: **CONTROL H HPX**
REF TD-42633-H **CONT** 1 ml
- Low Control: **CONTROL L HPX**
REF TD-42633-L **CONT** 1 ml

The controls are human serum solutions, delipidated, filtered by 0.2 µm.

As preservatives, the controls contain <0.1% (1 g/l) Sodium Azide (NaN₃), <0.02% (0.2 g/l) Methylisothiazolone and <0.02% (0.2 g/l) Bromonitrodioxane.

The controls are ready for use and require no preparation.

Before each use it is convenient that the controls are homogenized, shaking them gently avoiding the formation of foam or bubbles.

The values of the controls are lot dependent and are indicated in the table of values of their Instructions for Use.

WARNINGS - PRECAUTIONS

- Sodium Azide is toxic. Even if at the concentrations present neither Sodium Azide nor the other preservatives are harmful, take the necessary precautions to avoid accidental ingestion or contact with the eyes.
- Sodium Azide can react with lead or copper to give explosive compounds. For disposal it is recommended to rinse with plenty of running water to avoid accumulation in drains.
- Materials of human origin have been tested and found negative for the presence of HBsAg, HCV, and anti-HIV 1 and 2 antibodies.
- Since the absence of infectious agents can not be proven with absolute certainty, components containing materials of human or animal origin must be handled with caution, as potentially infectious, following the recommended safety standards for biological risk.

- Do not mix components belonging to different lot kits.
- Clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of a single test, but should always integrate all relevant clinical and laboratory data.

STORAGE - SHELF LIFE

- Store refrigerated at +2...+8°C. Do not freeze, as the functionality of the controls may be altered.
- Properly stored and unopened, the controls are stable until the expiration date indicated on the label.
- Once opened, the shelf life of the controls is at least 4 weeks, provided that after each use they are stored immediately in the original containers, tightly capped and refrigerated at +2...+8°C. This information should be taken as a guideline given that, obviously, the shelf life depends on the particular environmental and use conditions, which may differ from those of the stability studies carried out.

MATERIALS NEEDED, NOT SUPPLIED

The controls are intended to be used in conjunction with the Reagents and Calibrators included in the Kits.

PROCEDURE

Follow the Instructions for Use of the analyzer used to program and calibrate an assay, with the general parameters recommended in the Instructions for Use of Reagents.

TRACEABILITY

Values in U/ml are referred to the *1st British Standard for Human Serum Proteins (other than Immunoglobulins)* (code: 74/520) (*National Institute for Biological Standards and Controls (a World Health Organization (WHO) Laboratory for Biological Standards), NIBSC*).

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(1) EDMA Labelling Task Force: "EDMA Symbols for IVD Reagents and Components - Revision, October 2009".

CONTROL	Control
H	High
L	Low
HPX	Hemopexin
CONT	Contents

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